





PROMISE IN BANGLADESH

SCHOOL SAFETY PROGRAM

MAINSTREAMING DRR IN URBAN DEVELOPMENT

Bangladesh

.....JUNE,2008

INTERNATIONAL DRIVERS:

HYOGO FRAMEWORK OF ACTION-2005 IS

Use Knowledge, Innovation, and Education to Build A
 Culture OF Safety and Resilience at all Levels

WORLD DISASTER REDUCTION CAMPAIGN 2006-2007:

Disaster Risk Reduction Begins at School'

NATIONAL DRIVERS

CDMP
DIFFERENT LEVEL INTERVENTION



- Literacy Rate 63%
- Less Access to Media
- Poor Communication



PROCESS:

- Sensitization of CCC Education Officer
- Identification of 10 Schools

- Sensitization of The School Authorities
- Approach For Institutionalization Within The Education Sector

SCHOOLS

- Halishahor Munshipara High School Ward No. 37
- Hazi Abdul Ali Nagor City Corporation High School Ward NO. 9
- Kapashgola City Corporation Girls High School & College Ward NO. 16
- Pran Hori Amin Academy Ward NO. 11
- Dokhin Potenga City Corporation High School Ward NO. 41
- Pashlaish City Corporation Girl's High School Ward NO. 7
- Uttar Potenga City Corporation School & College- Ward NoO. 40
- Dokhin Halishahor High School Ward No. 39
- Halishahor Alhaz Mohabbat Ali City Corporation High School-Ward No. 26
- Kulgaon City Corporation High School –Ward NO. 2

COMPONENTS

- Identification of Pilot School
- Enrichment of Library
- Capacity Development of Teachers
- Awareness' Session
- Simulation Exercise
- Formation oaf School Disaster Management Committee
- Development oaf School Disaster Management PLAN
- Disaster Management Committee
- School Emergency Fund

CONTENT OF SCHOOL SESSION:

- Definition and Causes oaf Various HYDRO-Meteorological Disaster
- Vulnerabilities of School To Different Disaster
- Vulnerability of CCC To Different Disaster.
- Example of BHUJ and Pakistan Earthquake
- Measures For School Disaster Risk Reduction
- Program Activities on School Safety Initiatives Under PROMISE-BANGLADESH
- Documentary On TSUNAMI/ Earthquake

OUTCOME

- Over 13000 Students Are Aware ON Disaster Risk Reeducation
- Formation of 10 School Disaster
 Management Committee
- Teachers
- Students
- Parents
- School Management
- Committee

SIMULATION EXERCISE ON CYCLONE PREPAREDNESS

PARTICIPANTS

- Statements
- Teachers
- Service Providing Agencies
- Parents
- Community People

SCHOOL EMERGENCY FUND

- STRATEGY FOR RAISING SCHOOL
 DISASTER MANAGEMENT FUND
- EMERGENCY FUND AS PART OF ADMISSION FEE

CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT

- TRAINING ON BASIC EMERGENCY RESPONSE COURSE
- ENRICHMENT OF SCHOOL LIBRARY
- IEC MATERIALS,
- CD ON TSUNAMI AWARENESS,
- DISASTER RELATED BOOKS
- POCKET CALENDAR

SCHOOL DISASTER MANAGEMENT PLAN

- ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITY AT
 DIFFERENT PHASES OF DISASTER
- LIST OF VULNERABILITY AND CAPACITY
- DIFFERENT COMMITTEE
- EVACUATION ROUTE

LESSON LEARNT

PROBLEM ENCOUNTERED

- SCHEDULE
- DELAY IN GETTING APPROVAL FROM CCC

OPPORTUNITY:

 GAINING STUDENTS PARENTS AND SCHOOL AUTHORITIES FULL SUPPORT

OPPORTUNITY:

- GAINING STUDENTS, PARENTS AND SCHOOL AUTHORITIES FULL SUPPORT
- WILLINGNESS OF SCHOOL AUTHORITY TO CONTINUE THIS PROCESS WHICH STARTED BY PROJECT
- FUNDING OPPORTUNITY-EX- CARE-SHOUHARDO

NEXT STEP

 ALL CCC SCHOOL SHOULD BE BROUGHT UNDER SCHOOL SAFETY PROGRAM

PROMISE

PROMISE Philippines

Good Practices for Mainstreaming the DRR in Urban Development

Alvin Fernandez
City Administrator,
Dagupan City









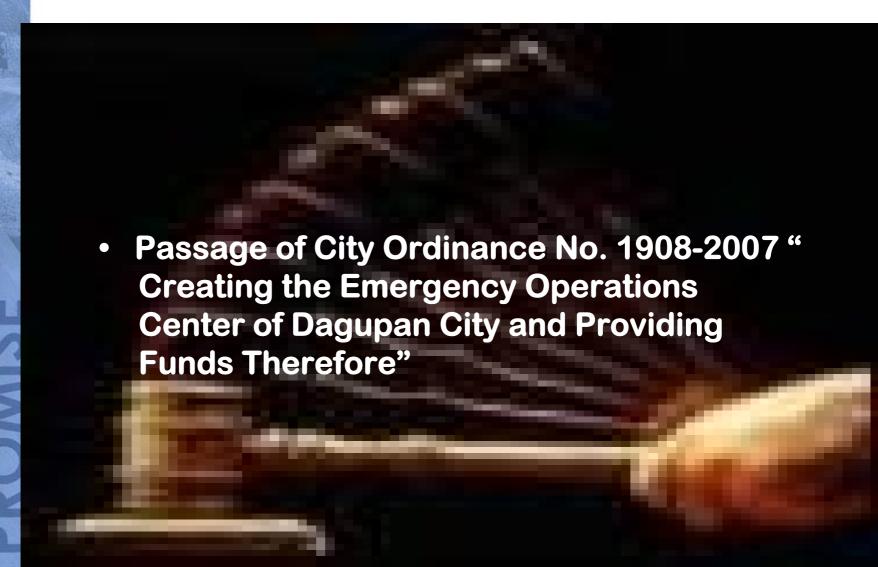
1. Forming and increasing the capacity of the Technical Working Group from the Different Departments of the City (composed of Department heads and staff) to be the leaders in DISASTER RISK REDUCTION



DAGUPAN CITY
DISASTER COORDINATING
COUNCIL

COMMUNITY DRR PLANS was the basis for the City Operations Manual

> ADVOCACY: INSTITUTIONALIZING THE CULTURE OF SAFETY







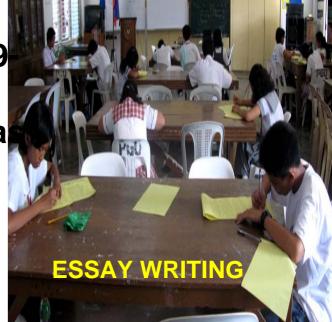


DISASTER CONSCIOUSNESS MONTH JULY 2007

Passage of Resolution No. 5469 2006

"Declaring July 16 of every year a Dagupan City Disaster Preparedness Day"





......Support and undertake initiatives that will sustain measures to reduce disaster risks and promote a culture of disaster prevention and resilience

North Luzon Disaster Risk Reduction Network established



Lessons Learnt

Practices for Mainstreaming

- DRR consciousness and adoption as a practices should adopt a vertical and horizontal approach to insure a wider scope of acceptance.
 - DRR efforts should be a neighborhood issue among cluster local government units who should adopt and complement integrated/coordinated efforts.
 - Participatory consultation is important to get the acts of stakeholders together.



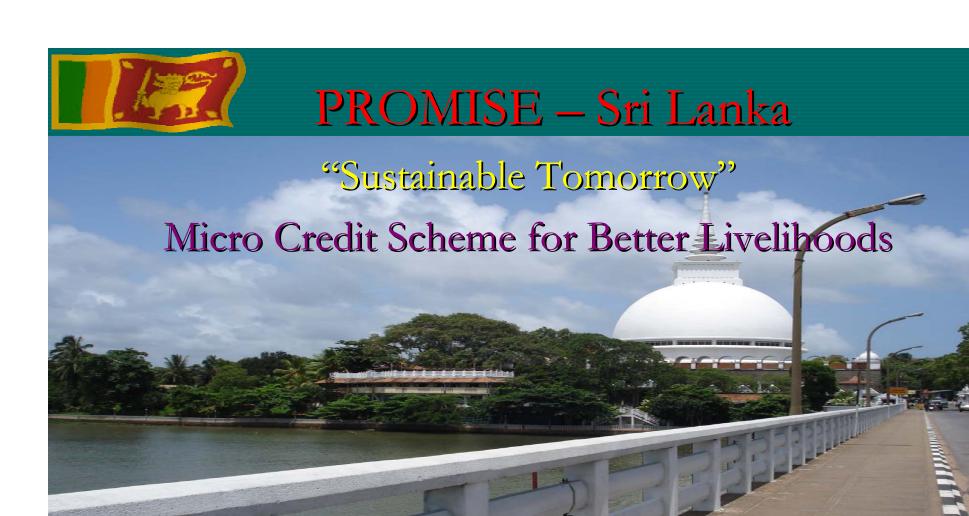


Conclusion

•SUSTAINED IMPLEMENTATION OF DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS THAT HELP REDUCE THE RISKS OF DISASTERS

• COMMITTED AND SAFETY CONSCIOUS COMMUNITIES

•SUSTAINABILITY OF ESTABLISHED AND ADOPTED "CULTURE OF SAFETY" BY ALL STAKEHOLDERS



By

Ms. Priyanka Mudalige Project Manager - PROMISE

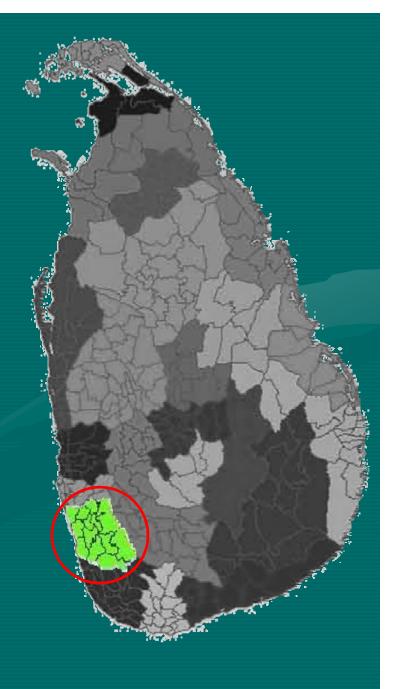






Project Area - Kalutara













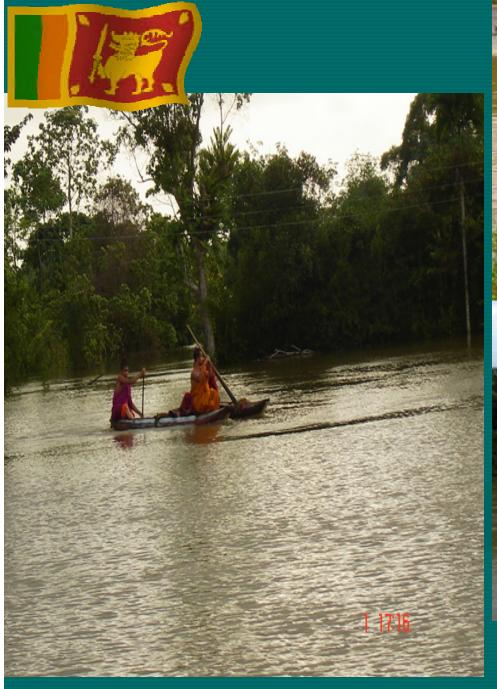
PROMISE – Sri Lanka

Launching of the Project

- Background information
 - Post tsunami perspectives on disaster management
 - Selecting Kaluthara as Secondary City
 - Selecting Sarvodaya as implementing agency
- Need
 - Hydro-meteorological Hazard Risk



















Implementing PROMISE

Structural Mitigation Technical Support NBRO **Community Based Mitigation Projects**

Capacity Building of Communities & Local Agencies by Training

Economic Development **PROMISE** Sri Lanka

Community **Based Early** Warning **System for Floods**

Partnering with Local DM Institutes Kaluthara UC, DMC, NGO

Strengthening Local Governance **SLILG**





Flood Cycle



FLOOD OF

MONEY



FLOOD OF REPORTS





FLOOD OF CONSULTANTS









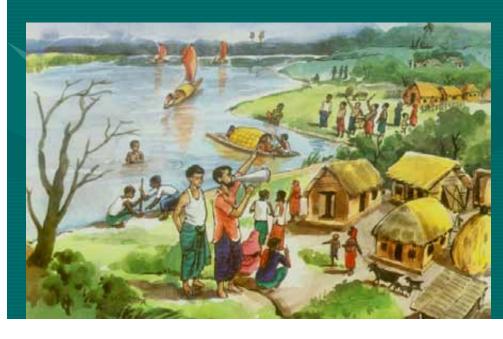




Sustainable Solutions?

- 1. Relocation
- 2. Relief
- 3. Risk Reduction



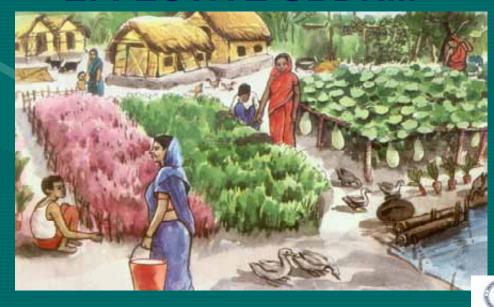






On Risk Reduction of the Vulnerable communities?

- ✓ SUSTAINED LIVELIHOOD
- **EFFECTIVE CBDRM**









Micro Credit Schemes for Sustainable Livelihoods

- Trust Fund Established
 - "Micro Credit Scheme of PROMISE"
- A revolving fund facilitating
 - Livelihood creation
 - Development and rehabilitation activities
- Vulnerable persons in disaster prone areas in Kalutara District.









Process of Micro Credit Scheme

Identifying persons from the communities for the scheme through village meetings

Awareness of livelihoods and credit management

Assess needs and personal planning

Providing Cash grants and monitoring activities

Criteria for selection

- Living in flood prone area
- Single parent family (....)
 - Informal living







Implementation Process -1

- Introduced PROMISE Project
- Partnering with Sarvodaya Economic Enterprise Development Services (Guarantee) Limited
- Awareness on,
 - -Importance of continuing
 - -Objectives of Micro-credit scheme
 - -Appropriate Investment Guidelines







Implementation Process -2

- Introducing range of micro credit facilitation, interest and recovery period etc.
- Setting up Criteria for eligibility
- **Receiving Applications and Processing**
- Clarifying and livelihood plans
- **Select 10 recipients**
- Providing cash and follow-ups





Salient Features of the Program

- Provided Business Development Opportunities for the beneficiaries with relevant trainings.
- Trained them to develop Business Plans.
- Women entrepreneurs linked with Sarvodaya Women's Movement to obtain more technical support.
- Given opportunities for exposure visits to success businesses.
- Technical know how and market links through IDB and EDB.







Types of Livelihoods

- Small Boutiques
- Sewing Machines
- Home made Food Production
- Wooden Items
- Processed Fruits and Vegetables
- Aquatic Products
- Stationery







Important Achievements

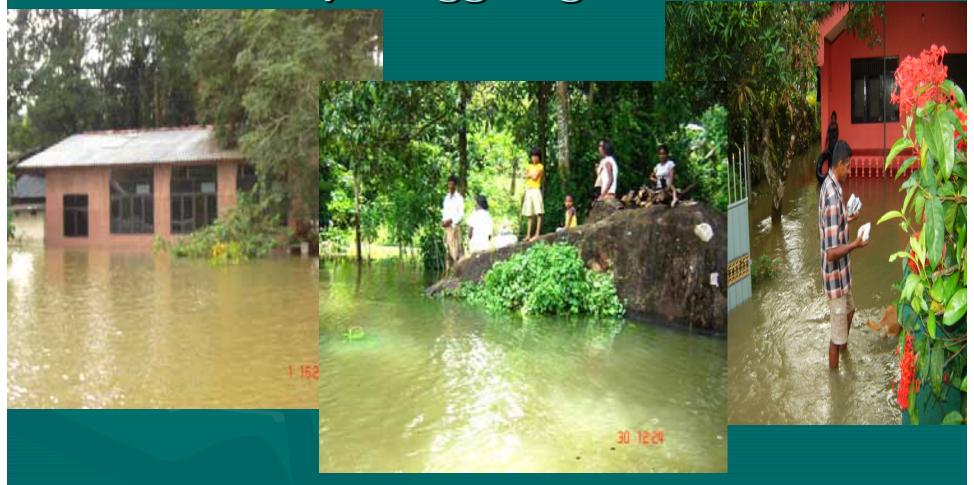
- Reduce economical vulnerability
- Help to build resilience
- Create a personal or family vision
- Make a change in the life style
- Socialization







How did they struggle against flood.....!











Lessons Learnt

- Eligible number is high
 - Higher demand
- Most recipients are women
 - Can operate livelihood at home
 - Rare defaulters of loans
- Market for production
 - Made available through Sarvodaya







PROMISE, Hyderabad

Presentation on

Practices for Mainstreaming the DRR in Urban Development

By

Aga Khan Planning & Building Service



Nb Nazim Zafar Rajput Champion of DRR

Institutionalizing DRR

- Sensitization of Tehsil & District Functionaries
- Reactivating the Disaster Risk
 Management Committee in the District of Hyderabad
- Formation of a DRR Focus Group amongst elected members of the District Council

Institutionalizing DRR

- Workshop on Governance and DRR
- outcome of the governance workshop
- Two workshops on CBDRM
- Identification of potential city leaders
- Sensitization and motivational meetings
- Capacity building in community based disaster risk reduction
- Local Government's willingness to incorporate DRR in development planning

Integrating DRR

- DRR made a matter of concern for all sector-wise 14 District Monitoring Committees
- Special budget allocation for DRR proposed in the upcoming Annual Development Plan of the District
- Infusing DRR in the Decentralization Process

Integrating DRR

- Framework for DRR developed during the course of the workshop is being considered by the District Administration
- Stakeholder specific action plans to be prepared under DCO's leadership
- Hyderabad Development Authority, Hyderabad Building Control Authority, and Water & Sanitation Authority are all being invited to the District Disaster Risk Management Committee

Main Lessons

- Participatory prioritization of community needs based on the knowledge of hazards and vulnerabilities ensures government buying-in and requisite support
- Socio-economic disparities do not only make the poor more vulnerable but also marginalizes them during the times of emergencies
- Demonstrative effect makes mobilization of resources relatively easier