DIPECHO Southeast Asia

CONSULTATIVE MEETINGS
NOVEMBER – DECEMBER 2007
IN

LAO PDR (12/11)

CAMBODIA (15-16/11)

VIETNAM (29-30/11)

THE PHILIPPINES (13-14/12)

INDONESIA (17-18/12)

Information Sessions for Applicants EUROPEAN COMMISSION

Humanitarian Aid

EUROPEAN COMMISSION

DIPECHO NATIONAL CONSULTATIVE MEETING INDONESIA



17 - 18 December 2007, Jakarta

The Ritz-Carlton, Jl. Lingkar Mega Kuningan Kav. E. 1.1 No. 1 Mega Kuningan

Humanitarian Aid

Agenda

Time	Day 1	In-Charge
08:30 - 09:00	Registration – Ballroom 3	DIPECHO SEA
	Opening Remarks	
09:00 – 09:20	 Opening Remarks by Karine Genty, Head of Development and Cooperation Section, First Secretary, European Commission 	EC Delegation
	Meeting's orientations	DIPECHO SEA
Sessi	ion 1: Perspectives on Sustainable Development and Disaster Risk Re	eduction
09:20 - 12:30	A: Overview of Indonesia Strategy for Disaster Risk Reduction	
(incl.	 Update the Disaster Management Law No. 24, 2007 and Government Regulation 	Sugeng Triutomo, Bakornas
conce break)	 Update on the policy of the Government of Indonesia with regard to the implementation of the <i>Hyogo Framework for Action 2005 – 2015</i> and integration of disaster risk reduction in national planning priority. 	Suprayoga Hadi, Bappenas
	 UNDP/DFID: Support to the Indonesian Government on the DRR framework preparatory 	
	 Donors overview: AusAID, World Bank, UNTWG 	Mark Travers; Joseph Leitmanr
	B: New Disaster Risk Reduction Framework: Implementation and Decentralisation	
	 MPBI: experience from Aceh, Serang, Jogjakarta, and other areas 	Hening Parlan
	 Bappeda Padang city: experience on drafting and implementation of a DRR frameworks at local level 	Emzalmi
	 Indonesia Business Links: public-private partnership and networking 	Yanti Koestoer
	C: Discussions & wrap up	
12:30 – 13:30	Lunch	
	Session 2: Strategic Discussions for the 6 th DIPECHO Action Plan for South East Asia	
14:00 – 17:30	A: Specific presentations / topics: Fire Management; Tsunami Early Warning System	
(include tea break)	B: Review of DIPECHO interventions in Indonesia 1998 – 2007 and orientations for 2008-2011	
	Break into working groups – Ballrooms 3 & 5	
	 WG1: Implementation of the DRR framework at local level WG 2: Education / Child focus WG 3: Floods and urban areas WG 4: Private-public partnerships Priority Needs / Strategic Gaps identified Compilation of main issues addressed (each working group) and 	
	recommendations for improved disaster risk reduction, including mainstreaming	
	C: Wrap up & Conclusions	
	Day 2	
	Day 2	

	Session 3: Information for DIPECHO Applicants	
09:00 – 14:00 (incl. coffee break and lunch)	Relevant staff members of Interested DIPECHO applicants and counterparts (including local organisations and institutions) who will be involved in the preparation of the proposals are invited to attend this session.	DIPECHO SEA
,	Practical information for applicants: review of lessons learned from past application process, new FPA, guidelines, programming timetable, Q&A	
	During the afternoon, the DIPECHO team will be available for further discussions with DIPECHO applicants if necessary.	

Update on Disaster Management Law

Sugeng Triutomo Deputy for Prevention and Preparedness BAKORNAS PB

Disaster Management Law

- □ Proposed by Parliament (DPR) since 2005.
- □ Endorsed by DPR Plenary Session on 29 March 2007.
- ☐ Stipulated as a Law/Act (UU RI)

 Number 24 Year 2007 on 26 April
- It consist of 13 chapters and 85 articles.

Ancillary Regulations (needed)

- ☐ Government Regulation
 - Role of International Institution
 - Access facilities during disaster emergency
 - Rehabilitation
 - Reconstruction
 - Budget
 - Disaster relief management
- Presidential Regulation
 - States and level of disaster
 - Establishment of National DM Agency

Ancillary Regulations (proposed)

- □ Government regulations
 - Role of International Institutions and Foreign Non governmental Organization on DM
 - Implementation of DM
 - Budget and Disaster Relief Management
- □ Presidential regulations
 - States and Level of Disaster
 - Establishment of National DM Agency

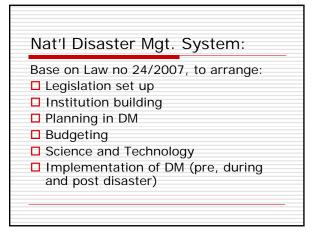
Progress

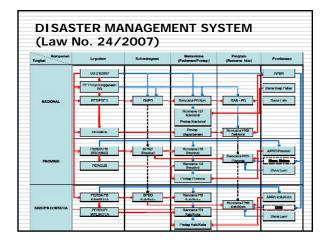
- 3 drafts of PP (govt. reg.) have been finished and harmonized, has submitted to State Secretariat.
- □ 1 draft of Perpres (pres. reg.) on establishment of BNPB (Natl. DM Agency), have been endorsed by Menpan and submitted to Cabinet Secretariat.
- 1 draft of Perpres on State and Level of Disaster is postphoned, it must be discussed further.

PP on Role of International Organization and Non Govt. Organization on DM

- ☐ General Term
 - Definitions, objective, scope of works
- ☐ Implementation
 - Obligations, safety assurance, access facilities.
- Mechanism
 - Proposal, MoU, Work plan
- □ Controlling and Reporting
 - Controlling, reporting
- □ Others
- □ Closure

What next to do? □ Establish of BNPB organization □ Institutonal building of BNPB (human res., budget and infrastructure) □ Guideline for establishment of BPBD (regional DM agency). □ BNPB regulations, directions for the implementation of Law. □ Set up a new Disaster Management System







National Policy for Enhancing Disaster Risks Reduction in Indonesia

Update on the policy of the Government of Indonesia with regard to the implementation of the Hyogo Framework for Action 2005 – 2015 and integration of disaster risk reduction in national planning priority

Dr. Suprayoga Hadi (<u>suprayoga@bappenas.go.id</u>)
Director for Special Areas and Disadvantaged Regions
National Development Planning Agency (BAPPENAS)
Republic of Indonesia

DIPECHO NATIONAL CONSULTATIVE MEETING INDONESIA
Organized by EC/DIPECHO SEA and Bakornas PB
Jakarta, 17 December 2007

General Features

- Indonesia is situated at a juncture of four major world tectonic plates; the Asian Plate, Indian Ocean Plate, Australian Plate and Pacific Ocean Flat
- Located on crossing three mountain systems: Alpine Sundae, Circum Pacific and Circum Australia
- More than 500 volcanoes in which 128 volcanoes are still eruptions (known as "the ring of fire")
- The policy, legal or regulatory framework is not fully in place that makes disaster risk reduction a normal part of the decentralized, local level development process
- It is important to help enact and implement the policy, legal and regulatory framework of disaster management at the local level
- It is particularly responds to national and local level gaps in and the need for sustained programs of disaster prevention, preparedness and mitigation recognized by the GOI
- It is required to support the GOI in its efforts to focus disaster management on the link between development and disasters by making disaster risk reduction a normal part of the decentralized, local level development process



Major Issues on Disaster Management in Indonesia

LACK OF MANAGEMENT CAPACITY ON DISASTER RESPONSE

- Delay in the management of emergency response
- Lack of coordination in planning and programming for post-disaster recovery
- Institutional framework is more focus on emergency response, rather than postdisaster recovery
- Funding more emphasizes on emergency response

LACK OF UNDERSTANDING IN DISASTER RISK REDUCTION

- Lack of understanding in the preparation of disaster preparedness and risk reduction
- Lack of institutional performance in the management of risk reduction
- Lack of planning and programming for risk reduction
- Lack of incorporating risk disaster mitigation into spatial plans

LAW NO.24/2007 ON DISASTER MANAGEMENT HAS LED TO A NEW PARADIGM

Old	New
Emergency Response	Risk Management
protection as a blessing given by the government	protection as the people's human right
handling disasters as an extraordinary issue	handling disasters as the daily task of administration and development
Managing disaster inclusively by the government	Opportunity for involving international community & private sectors in DM

Disaster Management Law and National Action Plan for Disaster Risk Reduction (NAP-DRR) 2006 – 2009

- The Law 24/2007 for Disaster Management regulates:
 - Roles and responsibilities of government
 - Roles and responsibilities of stakeholders
 - Establishment Board for disaster management
 - Community participation
 - Funding for disaster management
- National Action Plan (NAP) for Disaster Risk Reduction (NAP-DRR) has been launched early 2007:
 - specifies platforms, priorities, action plans and mechanisms pertaining to the implementation and institutional basis of disaster management in Indonesia
 - elaborates interests and responsibilities of all stakeholders through a participatory coordination process and in line with the Hyogo Framework for Action
 - provides guidelines and information that will facilitate decision makers to pledge commitment to cross-sector and jurisdictional priority programs based on a strong and systematic foundations

5

Indonesia's Current Policy on Disaster Risk Reduction

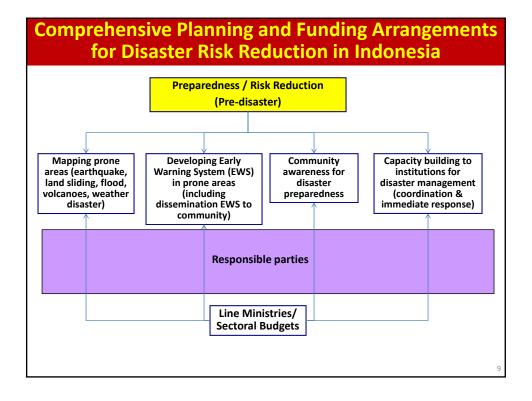
- Indonesia's national policy is set by the National Action Plan for
 Disaster Reduction (2006-2009) that was issued in 2006 by the National
 Dev't Planning Agency (Bappenas) and the National Coordinating
 Agency for Disaster Management (Bakornas).
 - The Plan supports risk-reducing development in all sectors by providing guidelines and information that will facilitate decision-makers to pledge commitment to cross-sectoral and cross-jurisdictional priority programs for disaster risk reduction.
 - The Plan specifically includes climate-related disasters such as floods, landslides, and forest and land fires.
 - The action plan itself seeks to reduce disaster risk factors from unsustainable development practices that are worsened by the impact of climate change.
 - It also promotes the integration of risk reduction associated with existing climate variability and future climate change.

5 (five) Priority Activities of NAP-DRR 2006-2009

- 1. Incorporating DRR into national and local priority policies with a strong institutional basis for implementation
- 2. Identifying, assessing and monitoring disaster risks and enhancing early warning system
- Using knowledge, innovation and education to build a safety culture and resilience at all administrative and community level
- 4. Reducing underlying risk factors
- 5. Strengthening disaster preparedness for effective response at all level

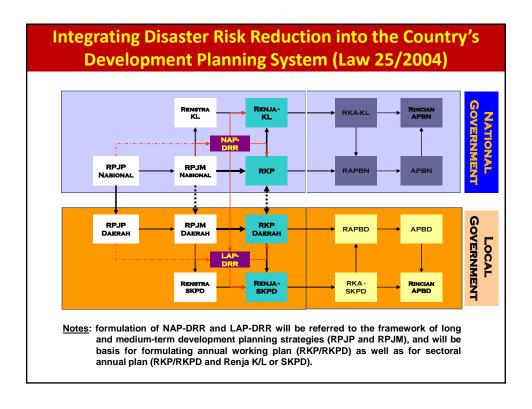
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NAP-DRR Implementation Scheme 1. **Regulatory Arrangement** Regulation on Respective line ministries and NAP-DRR local governments **Medium-Term Programs DRR Annual Plan Annual Budget** (stipulated in NAP) Other Stakeholders & DRR **Community Participation** Implementation 2. Institutional Arrangement · Building networks among government institutions, local governments, private sectors, civil society and other stakeholders • Civil society will be involved in the institutional arrangement and disaster risk reduction mechanism at all government levels 3. Funding Arrangement National budget Local budget • Private sectors and/or community Donors and NGOs



Integrating Disaster Risk Reduction into the country's development strategies

- Legal framework the 1945 Constitution contains several articles on the Government's duty to protect the people from disaster. Several laws and regulations have been enacted to protect people from disasters, including those on Social Welfare, Safety and Security, Communicable Diseases, Health, Landscape Planning, Environment, Forestry, Oil and Gas, Police, State Security, Local Government, and Water Resources.
- Medium-term Development Plan while the current medium-term plan does
 not specifically address the issue of DRR, risk reduction is incorporated in the
 areas of social welfare, natural resources and the environment. Programs and
 activities related to DRR are developed in different sectors.
- Annual Work Plan this annual plan (RKP) sets out all programs for each sector on a calendar year basis. In the RKPs for 2007 and 2008, Disaster Mitigation and Management constitutes one of the nine national development priorities. An important target in this area is the strengthening of the preparedness of institutions and the community in preventing and mitigating the risks of future natural disasters.



Budget Allocation for DRR-related activities in Annual Working Plan 2007 (Perpres 19/2006) Indicative (Billion Rp) No Focus Ministry/Dept **BRR NAD-Nias** Rehabilitation and reconstruction of post-tsunami di Provinsi NAD dan Kep. Nias in Provinsi Sumatera (tidak termasuk 9.710,6 1 pagu mengikat Rp288,1 miliar) Utara Rehabilitation and reconstruction of post-tsunami di Provinsi in Alor-Nabire, Provinsi DI Yogjakarta and Menpera, PU, Depdiknas, 2 287,8 Jawa Tengah Depdagri Bakornas PB, PU, Depdagri Institutional capacity strenthening in disaster 3 49,8 management at national, provincial and local levels Disaster Risk Reduction 94.0 Penguatan Capavity building and community Bakornas PB, MenLH, BMG empowerment on risk preparedness in disaster management 172,02 (1,68%) Total 10.220,1

Budget Allocation for DRR-related activities in Annual Working Plan 2008 (Perpres 18/2007)

No	Fokus	Indicative Budget (Bill Rp)	Kementerian/Lembaga
1a	Rehabilitation and reconstruction of post- tsunami in Provinsi NAD dan Kep.Nias Provinsi Sumatera Utara	6.727,2	BRR
1b	Rehabilitation and reconstruction of erathquake Provinsi Yogyakarta and Jawa Tengah	648,2	PU, Mennegpera, ESDM, Depdiknas, Depkes, BKKBN, Depdagri, BPKP, Menneg PP, UKM, Depbudpar
2	Implementation of RAN PRB	127,3	Bakornas PB, Menristek, LIPI, DKP
3	Capacity building on disaster management (early warning system and disaster mitigation)	1.028,7	Depdagri, Bakornas PB, Depkominfo,, Depsos, Bakosurtanal, BPPT, LAPAN, BMG
4	Mainstreaming DRR in Spatial Development Planning	277,0	Bakosurtanal, PU, DKP, Depdagri
5	Eradication of Avian Flu	604,3	Depkes, Deptan
	Total	9.412,7	1.433,0 (15,22%)

Proposed Scheme for Integrating Climate Change and Disaster Risk Reduction (from UNFCCC, Bali 2007)

	No.	Policy and Strategy	Climate Change	Disaster Risk Reduction	Scheme for Integration
g g	1	Regulation	NAPA is in process	Law on DM, NAP of DRR (2006- 2009)	Long term development planning, medium term development planning & annual development planning
Capacit Buildin	2	Institution	Min of Environment, Min of Agric, Min of Forestry, Min of Fisheries, Nat'l Dev't Planning Agency, Disaster Management Coord. Agency	Nat'l Dev't Planning Agency, DM Coor Agency, Meteorogical Agency, Research & Technology Agency,	National Disaster Management Agency will be in charge in coordinating the integration of CC and DRR
mmunity owerment	3	Education/ Empowerment	R&D, educating the community on climate change	R&D, educating the community on EWS & disaster preparedness	Community empowerment for poverty reduction program will be an integrated platform for education of CC and DRR
Community Empowermer	4	Participation	In progress, inviting private & communities as partner of gov't	In progress, inviting private & communities as partner of gov't	Community empowerment in DRR

Further Agenda for Promoting Disaster Risk Reduction

- Socializing and implementing the new disaster management law,
 NAP-DRR at all administrative levels as well as at the community level
- Increasing the effectiveness of spatial plans to reduce disaster risk, within the context of sustainable development
- Improving knowledge and participation of community and community based organizations (CBOs) in disaster preparedness and risk reduction (CBDRM)
- Improving programming and planning for disaster preparedness and risk mitigation, along with the Action Plans for Disaster Risk Reduction at the community level
- Enhancing institutional capacity building of provincial and local governments to support community resilience for disaster risk management, in formulating and implementing local and community plans for disaster risk reduction

15

Thank You

For further information, please visit the following website:
http://bencana.bappenas.go.id or email to:
suprayoga@bappenas.go.id







UNDP/DFID: Support to the Indonesian Government on the DRR framework preparatory: Overview of Safer Communities through Disaster Risk Reduction in Development (SC-DRR) Program

Dr. Suprayoga Hadi (suprayoga@bappenas.go.id)
Director for Special Area and Disadvantaged Region, BAPPENAS
National Project Director of SC-DRR Program

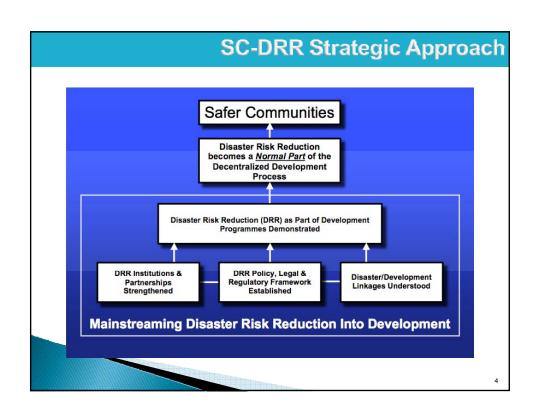
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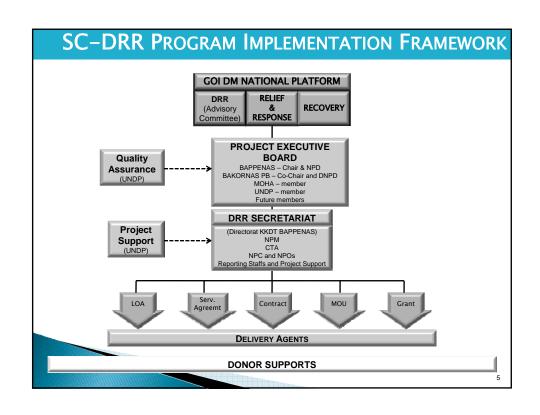
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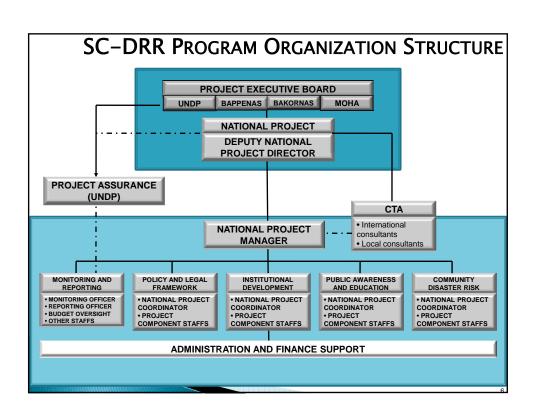
- UNDP Mandate in DRR
- Country Policy in Strengthening Disaster Management and specifically for Disaster Risk Reduction
- UNDP has supported related initiatives for two decades in Indonesia
 - Concepts of Natural Disaster Preparedness and Mitigation INS/80/020, INS/82/020, INS/89/081
 - Training and Capacity Building of Personnel in Disaster Management Agencies – INS/94/006
 - Introduced the Concept of Disaster Management as a part of Overall Development Planning, INS/00/005
 - Emergency Response & Transitional Recovery (ERTR) Aceh
 - Early Recovery Assistance (ERA) Yogjakarta
- Prodoc for SC-DRR has been signed between UNDP and GoI in September 2007
- From total requirement of US\$18,0 million, support from DFID of £4,500,000 is currently available

Disaster Risk Reduction Principles

- Development can either increase or decrease disaster risk
- Disaster risk reduction policy, laws and regulations will NOT save lives unless implemented in communities
- The "community" is the front line of disaster risk management
- Integrating disaster risk reduction at the national, provincial and community levels takes a *long time* to achieve
- DRR must become a normal part of the decentralised development process







Key Programme Outputs

- Disaster Risk Reduction Policy, Legal and Regulatory Framework Established
- 2. Institutional Systems that Support Decentralized Disaster Risk Reduction Established, Strengthened and Integrated with Local Level Development
- 3. Communities and decision makers better informed on disaster risks and measures that can be taken to reduce those risks
- 4. Local disaster risk reduction processes and methodologies and guidelines and tools developed, applied, documented and fed-back into policy framework

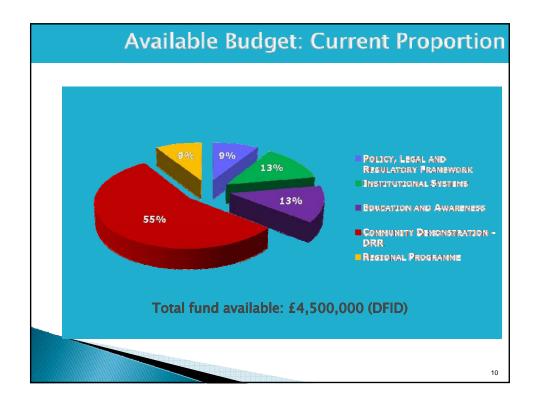
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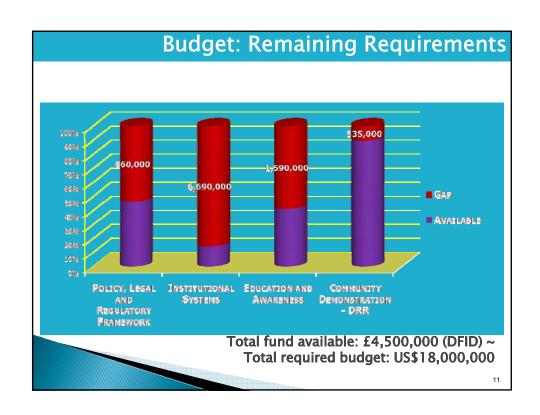
Correlation between SC-DRR output with National Policy

No	Key Output	National Policy	Responsible Parties
1	DRR Policy, Legal and Regulatory Framework Established	RKP, RKPD, RAN-PRB, RAD- PRB, RTRWN, RTRWProv, RTRWKab, RTRWKota	Bappenas, Provincial Government, District Government
2	Institutional System that support decentralized DRR established, strengthened and integrated with Local Government	Supports for strengthening local capacity for information system, monitoring and evaluation	Bappenas, Line- Ministries, BNPB, BPBD, Provincial and District Government
3	Education and Awareness Programme	Supports for community capacity building in preparedness and awareness	Line-Ministries, BNPB, BPBD, Local Government, Donor, NGO, CBO
4	Disaster Risk Reduction to make community safer	Supports for community- based programme and lesson learned	Line-Ministries, BNPB, BPBD, Local Government, Donor, NGO, CBO

Management and Monitoring Arrangements

- Executive Board established and directed by BAPPENAS, Bakornas PB, MoHA, and UNDP
- National Execution of program by BAPPENAS
- Project Management Unit embedded in Secretariat of Planning and Monitoring of Disaster Management (PMDM) in BAPPENAS
- Close collaboration with key disaster related GOI agencies and other proponents
- Backstopping and technical support services from UNDP
- Joint review and monitoring of implementation by Government, UNDP and stakeholders
- Applying a flexible approach to programme development and implementation through partnerships with GOI, UN agencies, and engaging national and local NGOs, international NGOs, the private sector and others
- Strengthening sustainable, decentralized provincial and local capacities, within government, civil society and the private sector
- Starting with BAPPENAS in partnership with BAKORNAS PB & MoHA, then decentralizing disaster risk reduction to the communities at the local level
- Providing grants and technical support for attainment of four program outputs
- Documenting and disseminating good practices, lessons learned and processes
- Promoting strong collaboration and complementarities with other national and international assistance through joint project formulation, implementation and monev









United Nations Technical Working Group for **Disaster Risk Reduction** (UNTWG-DRR)



- UNTWG-DRR was formed in 2002 and revitalized in June 2005.
- Purpose: to enhance UN coordination and enhance the UN's role in promoting and facilitating improved disaster risk reduction in Indonesia.
- <u>Function</u>: to provide technical support and advises on disaster risk reduction and other relevant issues to the UNCT.
- UNTWG-DRR is working with the GoI, donors, Red Cross Societies and NGOs in building the capacity of government institutions and communities on disaster risk reduction.



Joint Activities:

- BAKORNAS PB UN Emergency Management Training & Contingency Planning Exercises (2005-2007):

 Workshop for National Facilitators (July 05)

 - ◆ EMCP in 5 districts in West Sumatera (Sept. 05 Feb. 06)

 - Workshop for National Facilitators (May 07)
 EMCP in 7 districts in West and Central Java (June-July 07)
 - CP Review workshop (2008)
- International Day for Disaster Reduction

 - Menkokesra UN joint activity (11 Oct. 2005)
 UN-PMI-IFRC-MPBI-NGOs (12 Oct. 2006)
 Workshop of Consortium for Disaster Education (10 Oct. 2007)
- - 2nd round school road show to 6 additional primary schools in



Joint Activities (continued):

- UN/RC/NGO/Donor 1st and 2nd Convergence Workshop:

 - 1st Convergence Workshop:
 No. of participants: 58 persons representing 36 institutions
 Result: UN/NGO/Donor directory on DRR (accessible on www.un.or.id/uniwg)
 - 2nd Convergence Workshop:
 No. of participants: 64 persons representing 36 institutions.
 Result: UN/NGO/Donor directory on DRR (accessible on
 - N. Carl., CHATGO-Danie and Committee (consists of IFRC, ECHO local and international NGOs, UN agencies)
- UN/RC/NGO/Donor $1^{\rm st}$ and $2^{\rm nd}$ workshop on international community's support to GoI for formulation of ancillary regulations of new DM Law.



Lessons learnt:

- 1. Cost efficiency;
- 2. Wider geographical coverage of programmes;
- 3. More sources for funding, human resources, supporting equipment and tools for programme;
- 4. Easy access to information (for external parties);
- 5. Solid representation to the external parties.



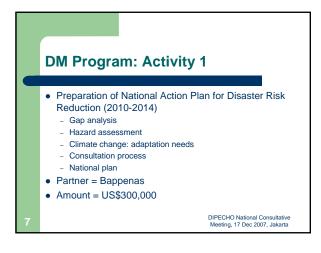


Context • Revised Country Assistance Strategy in Sept. 2006 to add DM as a pillar - Support new legislation and institutional arrangements for DRR - Integrating improved DRR in portfolio - Provide joint technical assistance for • Damage, loss and needs assessments • Assessing capacity to absorb catastrophes • Development of social protection system • Design instruments for financial risk management



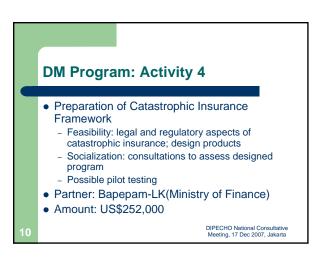
Context • Special types of assistance in disaster - Support to assess impact and develop a recovery strategy - Emergency recovery loan - Restructuring operations to support recovery - Redesign investment projects under preparation to include recovery activities - Contingent emergency loan to countries at high risk of natural disasters DIPECHO National Consultative Meeting, 17 Dec 2007, Jakarta

Disaster Management Program Support from Global Facility for Disaster Reduction and Recovery (US\$1.25 million) Developed in conjunction w. GOI partners Bappenas Bakornas Ministry of Finance Reviewed in October and approved in November 2007 DIPECHO National Consultative Meeting, 17 Dec 2007, Jakarta





OM Program: Activity 3 Strengthening the WB's role in DRR Incorporation of DRR and climate resilience in the project cycle to influence a \$1 – 1.5 billion annual program of loans, grants & technical assistance Training staff in emergency policies Reporting and monitoring indicators for the GFDRR Amount = \$100,000



Other DM Activities

DM Virtual team: network of 30 WB professionals for Indonesia
Training on damage and loss assessment methodology
Menu of disaster management courses from World Bank Institute
Support for adaptation program and low carbon growth strategy

DIPECHO National Consultative Meeting, 17 Dec 2007, Jakarta





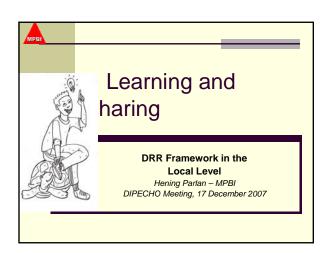




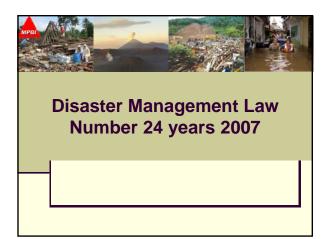






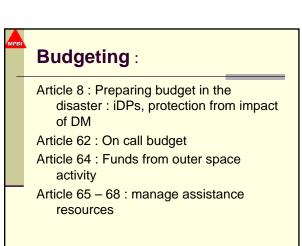


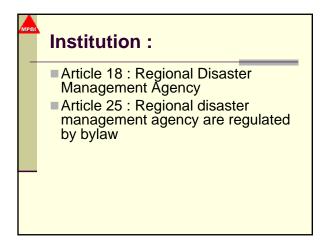


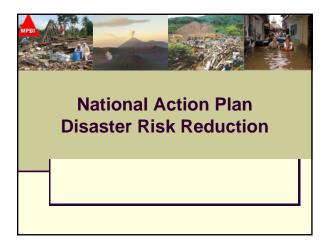




DM Planning and DM in the development: Article 9: Power of regional government in organizing disaster management: stipulating disaster management policies in its territory that are aligned with regional development policies; development planning that incorporates disaster management policy elements; Article 36: Disaster management planning is stipulated by Government and regional government in accordance with its power. Government and regional government at a specific point in time reviews disaster management planning documents on a routine basis. Article 37: point 2 participatory planning; disaster awareness; strengthening commitment to disaster management actors; and implementation of physical built, non-physical effort and regulation. Article 39: Incorporation of disaster management into development planning entails the inclusion of disaster management planning elements in the national and regional development planning.







NAP DRR Priorities:

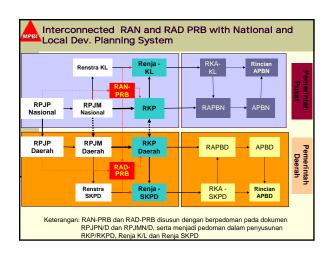
DRR priority in the national and local level with institutional mechanism

Risk Assessment, scientific and Warning System

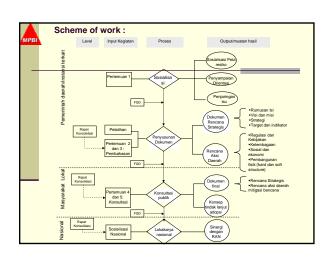
Education, knowledge, cultures, attitudes and resilience

Risk management and vulnerability reduction

5. Disaster Preparedness and response at all level



How MPBI
cooperation with local
Government in Aceh
(Banda Aceh and
Aceh Besar), Serang,
Jogjakarta, Ende,
Alor, NTT and
Semarang?





Our Goal:

- to facilitate and strengthen local level in planning and budgeting capacities in disaster management
- enhancing their political commitment on disaster management by RAD and PERDA



Activities:

- Assessment on local condition and needs (4 regions: Semarang, Yogya, Ende and Alor and Serang, Banda Aceh and Aceh Besar.
- Setup team with the local government.
- Workshop/seminar.
- A local training and action planning.
- Awareness and training
- Assistance and advisory



Jogjakarta City:

- Social and Culture :
 - Team of RAD have strong commitment
 - The head of team = head of Bappeda Jogja City have good leadership
 - Well inform of new platform and others information of Disaster Management
- Well inform :
 - Hazard, capacity and vulnerability
 - Learned after earthquake and Merapi volcano's



■ Good relationship with DPRD

- DPRD supported to team of RAD and commitment to made PERDA by local parliament
- Team RAD hearing with parliament
- The action plan in RAD inserted in the RPJMD (all of planning and activity will be covered by APBD in Jogja City)
- The current up date: Finalized process and will be stimulated by Walikota (head of city)



Serang District

- Confuse in the started (different paradigm MPBI vs Ministry of Marine and Fisheries)
- MPBI facilitators, MMF funding
- Local community as only 'YES' with funding
- Needed a long time to clarification
- At the started, they did not aware with DM law, NAP DRR and others regulation



- MPBI facilitated the team to meet with Bakornas, Depdagri to direct discussed
- The head of team have strong power and sometimes he can corrected the draft without confirmation with team.
- But after a long processed, the team finalized the draft and stimulated by bupati
- The local gov. initiated to drafting PERDA after the RAD.



Banda Aceh and Aceh Besar

- New Bupati and all position in the Banda Aceh and Aceh Besar
- Bupati have good spirit but the team still slow in the work
- Started with awareness and training
- Already have activity agreement (MPBI Care and Local Gov)
- Difficult to follow agreement and needed 'serious' lobby and assistance



Semarang, Alor, Ende

- Started with MPBI by : assessment, socialization, awareness and assistance.
- Semarang have activity agreement with GLG GTZ in Semarang
- Ende and Alor break along time because administration problem at Jakarta
- GLG GTZ follow up the activities with local facilitators in and assist them by GLG GTZ advisor.



Kupang, NTT

- Initiated PERDA in the provincial level
- Establishment of team of RA PERDA
- Have discussed with university and community in the public consultation
- The team have good opportunity and strong commitment
- Good support from some NGO.s in KUpang
- Initiated model PERDA inserted of policy for climate change



MPBI's partnership:

- Jogja, Semarang, Ende and Alor with GLG GTZ at December 2006 March 2007.
- In Jogja finalized, Ende, Alor and Semarang follow up by local facilitators GLG GTZ.
- ACEH Besar Banda Aceh with Care International Indonesia at June - December 2007 and needed continue recourses until April to finalized RAD.
- Kupang NTT with Oxfam GB until Dec 2007 and will continue at 2008
- Serang with MMF and finalized



Conclusion

- Focus in the Policy = focus in the community
- Reduction by Birocracy : change of paradigm can be reduction : "convenience" birocracy
- Participation; difficult to do in the RAD team, please measure with the team is represent of sector and community.
- Don't make RAD ONLY document without riil budged in APBD
- RAD could not stand alone, this activity needs support from multiple elements and legal support.
- Measure with the community and media involved in the processes.
- Working in the right momentum and value in the DRM
- Please aware with local autonomy, DM Law and

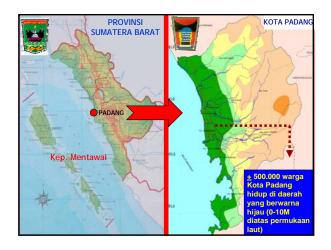


"Thank You Very Much....."

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No.	MOGRAFI & PEWERIN	DATA
1.	Jumlah Penduduk	819.740 Jiwa 11 Kecamatan
2.	Jumlah Kecamatan	104 Kelurahan
3.	Jumlah Kelurahan	104 Kelulahan
4.	Mata Pencaharian Penduduk :	
	a. Pertanian, Kehutanan, Perburuhan dan Perikanan	
	b. Pertambangan dan Penggalian	0.28 %
	c. Industri Pengolahan	7,92 %
	d. Listrik, Gas dan Air	0,77 %
	e. Bangunan	8,62 %
	f. Perdagangan Besar, Eceran, Rumah Makan dan Hotel	
	g. Angkutan, Pergudangan dan Komunikasi	9.75 %
	h. Keuangan Asuransi, Usaha Sewa, Bangunan, Tanah dan Jasa Perusahaan	3,58 %
	i. Jasa Kemasyarakatan (PNS, Portahanan, Peraladatan, Pendidikan, Kesehatan)	
	Jumlah	100 %
		100





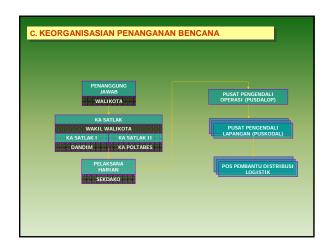






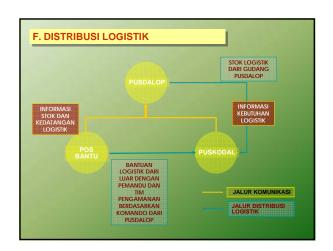




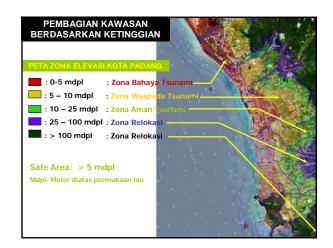














































KEJADIAN GEMPA YANG DIRASAKAN WARGA KOTA PADANG PADA TANGGAL 12 DAN 13 SEPTEMBER 2007

Telah terjadi gempa dengan skala 7,9 skala richter. Pusat gempa di Bengkulu dan perairan Painan, mengakibatkan kerusakan bangunan dan terjadinya kepanikan warga kota Padang akan timbulnya bencana tsunami.

Gempa masih berlanjut, periode 16 s/d 25 September 2007 telah terjadi 25 kali gempa dengan magnitude 3,2 s/d 6,7 sr.





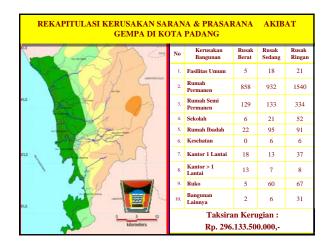












REHABILITASI & REKONSTRUKSI

- a. Verifikasi Laporan / data korban & kerusakan
- b. Penyusunan RTRW Kota Padang sesuai dengan UU no. 26 tahun 2007
- c. Penganggaran Untuk Rehabilitasi Setelah Terjadi Bencana
- d. Rencana Aksi Daerah

KESIMPULAN & REKOMENDASI

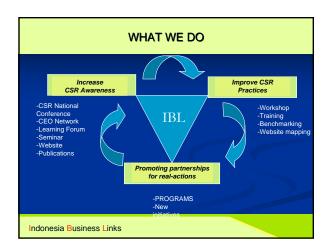
- 1. Kota Padang sangat rentan terhadap bencana khususnya Gempa dan Tsunami.
- Perlunya peningkatan ketahanan menghadapi bencana , baik dari segi kesiapsiagaan penduduk, ketersediaan infrastruktur, peraturan dan kelembagaan
 - a. 60 % penduduk berada di kawasan redzone
 - b. Sebagian besar fasilitas Kota Padang berada pada kawasan redzone
- Pemko Padang sudah menyusun Renstra dan Rencana Aksi Daerah penanggulangan bencana.

- 4. Kota Padang perlu segera megimplementasikan Renstra dan Rencana Aksi Daerah Penanggualangan Bencana.
- Mengingat biaya investasi yang sangat besar perlu dukungan Pemerintah Propinsi, Pemerintah Pusat dan Donatur Internasional
- Diperlukan bantuan teknis untuk Perencanaan & Pembangunan Infrastruktur yang tahan gempa & Tsunami.



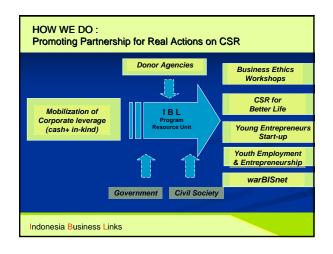


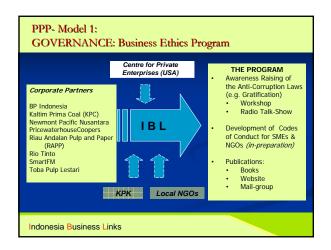
OVERVIEW YAYASAN INDONESIA BUSINESS LINKS A not-for-profit organization promoting good corporate citizenship in Indonesia, while fostering partnership for development Works with companies (multinational and national) who are committed to "Corporate Social Responsibility" (CSR) Collaborates with national/international organizations with similar mission, for implementing programs with various themes related to social and environmental aspects. Takes a holistic approach, adopting (but not limited to) Public Private Partnership¹ model in every program/initiative. Has almost 8 years experience and has 5 programs which are proved doable and replicable Has measurable impacts for all its programs depending on each program objectives

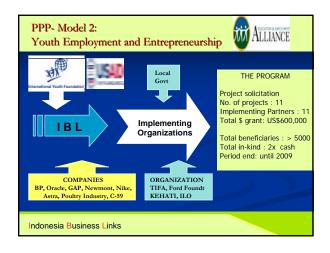


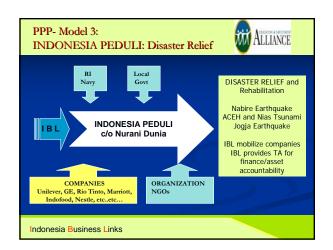


















DIPECHO National Consultative Meeting Indonesia



Humanitarian Aid department Cecile Pichon, Thearat Touch, Linda Rupidara



Meeting's Orientations

- Multi-stakeholder strategic dialogue
- DRR advocacy
- Presentation and dissemination of lessons learned
- Discussions on DIPECHO's proposed orientations in Vietnam for 2008-2011
- Identifications of priorities, gaps and actions
- · Information for applicants







DIPECHO

- · Natural Disaster Preparedness Programme of
- Work through EU-NGOs, IOs/UN, Red Cross
- · Hyogo Framework of Action context
- DIPECHO in 2007 = about €20 mln (7 for SEA)
- Focus on preparedness measures and demonstrative small-scale mitigation work, in particular through CBDRR
- Promotes regional & international DRR.
- Complements other ECHO actions, links with other EC instruments and other donors.



Lessons Learned DIPECHO

- Formulate a DRR strategy for DIPECHO over several cycles
 - Looking at orientations & trends over 2 cycles
- DIPECHO as a component of larger development, environment or natural resource management programmes?
- · Complement other stakeholders' programme where feasible
 - ➤ Part of today's dialogue; depends on implementing agencies; increased awareness and dialogue within EC but still more to do



Lessons Learned DIPECHO

- DIPECHO funding of DP and DRR was instrumental in promoting the practice of DRR in the region
- But: need to promote the scaling up and replication of pilot activities to achieve widespread and more significant impact at national and regional levels to ensure a return on the investment
- **Documentation and dissemination of DRR** lessons learnt by DIPECHO and its partners have not yet been adequate



Lessons Learned DIPECHO

- Short term nature of DIPECHO and gaps = challenge for implementation
- Limited some partners from linking DRR with longer term development activities
- · However, in spite of follow-up phases, funding not always optimised (annual planning).
- Overly ambitious goals and project objectives involving too many activities.
- Weak impact monitoring (absence of baseline information + short-term funding).
 - Find compromises on both sides, adapt programming and projects, set clearer goals



Lessons Learned DIPECHO

- DIPECHO generated numerous replicable DRR strategies and community based projects, including methodologies, tools and processes that enabled communities to better prepare for and mitigate natural disasters.
- In all programme areas awareness of DRR has increased progressively, community DP plans were developed and response teams established (although quality varied).



Lessons Learned DIPECHO

- Leverage by implementing agencies insufficient to influence major stakeholders to include DRR in their policy, strategy, legislation and long term development plans.
- Improved linkages between pilot activities and local government planning processes is another promising avenue for scaling up.
- Develop a realistic set of impact indicators for various DRR interventions



Lessons Learned DIPECHO

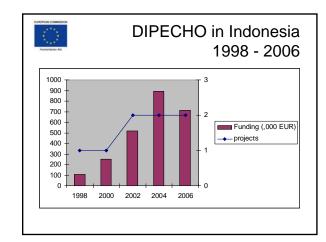
- Focus more on local actors
- · Continue to support DRR projects for primary school children and young people
- Continue to promote **gender** relations and equality
- Expand projects directed at the environment and climate change; use the issue of climate change adaptation as an advocacy tool to support the promotion of DRR.

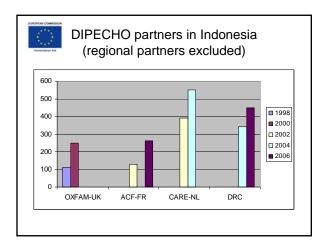


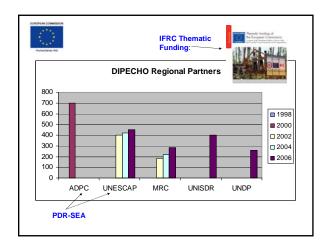
DIPECHO in Indonesia

Funding (1998 - 2006)

- 12 projects, EUR 2.7 million (appr. 13% of total) **Partners**
- · 3 NGOs, 1 Red Cross, 1 regional partner **Projects**
- Some continuity thanks to own funding, efforts and resources
- Some achievements through pilot developed
- Few but diverse projects in various hazards, areas and sectors: Red Cross capacity building, urban flooding, peat fire









Lessons Learned DIPECHO in Indonesia

- Significant support to country, in particular in relation to funding provided.
- Strong evidence of increased awareness and knowledge of DP/DRR, as well as in actual abilities of communities to respond to the occurrence of forest fires and floods.
- However, these results should be viewed in the context of the very extensive needs and limited scale of DIPECHO nationally



Lessons Learned DIPECHO in Indonesia

- Significant inroads made by partners in engaging with local government units.
- Clear opportunities for institutionalisation of initiatives into formal government structures and processes, using decentralisation context.
- Further support needed in increasing partners' knowledge and skills on the mechanics of local governance, development planning, budgeting and advocacy.



Lessons Learned DIPECHO

in Indonesia

- CARE: programme evolved from a series of ECHO supported disaster relief and response operations into a DRR-based environmental protection programme.
- DRC/PMI: relatively new partnership but good potential for significant impact, in particular with focus on building PMI's capacity to implement community-based disaster reduction.
- Both partners are implementing long term programmes and have access to funding from other sources.



Lessons Learned DIPECHO in Indonesia

- ACF: the 2006 flooding in Jakarta that affected and displaced more than 600,000 people reinforces the validity and relevance of the pilot testing in the use of a CBDRR approach in an urban setting.
 Need for a more holistic and long-term strategic programme approach should be encouraged.
 - An innovative pilot for DIPECHO
- PDR-SEA: training, materials in local language, networking developed



Lessons Learned DIPECHO in Indonesia

- A number of other developmental NGOs in the country (including former partners) are potentially suitable partners of DIPECHO.
- · Given the frequency and magnitude of disasters in Indonesia, need for further dialogue to explore complementarities of organisational strategies and objectives on disaster risk reduction.
 - = part of consultative process and new programming



Lessons Learned DIPECHO in Indonesia

- · Added-value of involving local government entities with large potentials for leverage and scaling-up of DRR activities, but requiring new skills and capacities for ECHO partners
- A more focused approach to demonstration activities in contiguous districts/sub-districts in rural areas with widely dispersed populations
- Requirement for better documentation and dissemination to feed into scaling up strategies



Challenges & Opportunities

- Scope of issues: hazards, geography... vs DIPECHO's limited funding...
- Integration of lessons learned from the recurrent small to large scale disasters
- · Geographical expansion vs scaling-up?
- · Use better existing capacities
- · Practical implementation of new legal framework
- · Evolving contexts: climate change, urbanisation, deforestation etc.



Indonesia & climate change

- Indonesia among the top 3 GHG emitters due to land use change and deforestation
- Indonesia will experience more intense rainfall
- Food security will be threatened by climate change
- See level rise will inundate productive coastal zones and reduce farming and coastal livelihoods
- Water- and vector- borne diseases will be intensified
- Forestry policies and legislation are good but implementation and enforcement weak
- Renewable energy sources are underdeveloped, with barriers but few incentives
- Indonesia is not yet adequately preparing for adaptation

Source: Executive Summary: Indonesia and Climate Change, Working Paper on Current Status and Policies, March 2007, Peace, DFID, the World Bank



Since 2005: EC & DRR

- In 2007-2013 strategic document: little reference to DRR (apart from DIPECHO), but some potentials (eg in education, environment, forestry)

 At the moment, integration of DRR in some specific
- projects (eg EUR 6 million project through ISDR on Regional Tsunami Early Warning System)
- Increased awareness of EC staff members (training, more prominent issues, ECHO focal points)
- In EU/EC: more awareness, more importance. Soon a DRR Policy.
- Opportunities: climate change?
- Deliberate strategies of partners to apply with DRR strategic components?







DIPECHO Orientations 2008 - 2011

- · Avoid gaps in programming
- Complement longer term programmes through ad hoc or focus actions
- · Respond better to priorities and gaps
- Improve complementarities between national, sub-regional and regional actions
- Continue networking and information management



DIPECHO 2008-2011 Indonesia

- New legal framework: implementing rules, dissemination, "socialisation", advocacy
- Local actors: capacity-building as well as vectors. Work through local organisations and institutions a requirement
- Enhanced coordination at various levels
- DRR integration into socio-economic planning: continued piloting; good potentials for scaling up



DIPECHO

Orientations 2008 - 2011

- Document and disseminate successful experience and models (DIPECHO and non DIPECHO, from Indonesia and wider)
- Improve vulnerability and hazard assessments capacities
- Improve monitoring, evaluation and impact measurement
- Continued capacity-building of local structures and agencies



DIPECHO

Orientations 2008 - 2011

- · Advocacy to specific target groups
- Continued work with media, private sector
- Education a priority
- DIPECHO funding to increase in proportion of total budget
- Reach a critical mass but also better focus actions



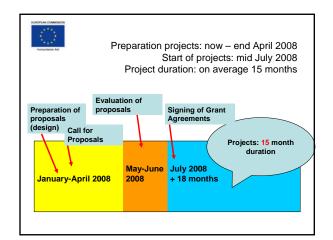
Priority Actions

- Local Disaster Management components: EWS, mapping & data computerisation, local capacity building, training
- Institutional linkages: advocacy, facilitation of coordination, institutional strengthening
- Information, education, communication: public awareness raising
- · Small scale infrastructure and services
- Stock building of emergency and relief items
 - ➤ For Indonesia: all



Priority Hazards and Areas

- Natural hazards: justify severity, recurrence, trends, impact (a- multi-hazard, b- floods, landslides,earthquakes c- other)
- Areas: justify vulnerabilities, selection criteria
- Justify complementarities of DP actions into a development framework
- Look at dissemination of experience, upscaling and integration into longer term mechanisms
 - > Interest less in "where/which hazard", than in "how it will be done and promoted further"





Information for applicants

- Reports from Consultative Meetings (on ADPC website in December 2007)
- · Information sessions
- Through DIPECHO mailing list
- Cecile Pichon (ta02@echo-bangkok.org) and Thearat Touch (program01@echo-bangkok.org)
- On ECHO website (call for proposals, new FPA) : http://ec.europa.eu/echo/index_en.htm
- Call for Proposals: early March 2008

















NCM Indonesia - 17-18 Dec. 07

17 Dec. 07

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		Donors and IFIs		
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List-Indonesia_final - Printed 16/01/2008 3 of 4

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List-Indonesia_final - Printed 16/01/2008 4 of 4